

The Newport Mercury.

VOL. LXXXVIII.

NEWPORT, R. I., SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 18, 1849.

{ NO. 4,556.

THE MERCURY

Is published every Saturday morning, by
J. H. BARBER & SON,
At No. 123 Thames Street.
(Opposite the Newport Female Seminary.)

TERMS—Two Dollars per annum, or \$1 75
if payment is made strictly in ADVANCE.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding a square
inserted three weeks for \$1, and 17 cents will be
charged for each subsequent insertion, with a
large deduction to those advertising by the year.
No paper discontinued (unless at the discretion
of the Proprietors) until arrearages are paid.

Weekly Almanac.

AUGUST, 1849.	SUN	SUN	MOON	HIGH
19 SATURDAY,	6 12	6 48	sets,	8 20
20 SUNDAY,	6 13	6 47	7 47	9 10
21 MONDAY,	5 14	6 46	8 20	9 58
22 TUESDAY,	5 16	6 44	8 52	10 55
23 WEDNESDAY,	5 17	6 43	9 24	11 32
24 THURSDAY,	5 18	6 42	9 57	morn.
25 FRIDAY,	5 20	6 40	10 31	0 16

New Moon, 13th day, 0 hour, 45m morning.

BOSTON, WORCESTER AND ALBANY,
VIA PROVIDENCE.

Breakfast on board of the Boat.

ON AND AFTER MON-
DAY, June 25th, 1849,
the steamboat *PERRY*, Capt.
Gilbert Woolsey, will run
between Providence and Newport in connection
with trains of the Boston and Providence and
Providence and Worcester Railroads, as follows,
viz:—

Will leave Sayers's Wharf, Newport, at 6 A.
M. and 1 P. M.; Butler's Wharf, Westside, near
the Bridge, Providence, at 10 A. M. and 6 P. M.,
or on arrival of trains from Boston and Worcester.

Passengers may procure tickets for Boston,
Worcester and Albany, on board of the boat and
at Rail Road stations at Albany, Boston and Worcester,
for Newport.

Passengers leaving Albany in the morning may
arrive at Newport the same evening, or may
remain all night at Worcester, and arrive at Newport
the next day at noon; or leave Saratoga in the
forenoon, or Albany at 2 P. M., spend the
night at Springfield, and arrive at Newport the
next evening.

Passengers leaving Newport in the morning
may continue through to Boston, Worcester and
Albany, arriving at Albany the same evening or
leaving Newport at 10 o'clock P. M., may sleep
at Springfield, and arrive at Albany at 1 P. M.
next day, and leave for Saratoga at 2 P. M.

Passengers leaving New York in the morning,
(via Worcester and Providence) same evening,
and leaving Newport at 5 A. M. by same route
arrive at New York at 7 P. M.

Passengers and baggage transported (free of
charge) between the boat and cars at Providence.
FARES.—From Newport and Albany, \$5.50.
" " " Boston, \$1.50.
" " " Worcester, \$1.50.
" " " Providence, 50

17 Passengers wishing BREAKFAST, by giving
notice at the office as soon as possible after leaving
the wharf, can be provided for on board the
boat.

[June 23.]

NOTICE

THE new and splendid
steamboat *CALYONICUS*,
Capt. Braxton, will com-
mence her regular trips be-
tween Newport and Providence on MONDAY
next, touching at Bristol, Bristol Ferry and Fall
River, each way. Leaving Providence every
day (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock, A. M.
Fall River 10 o'clock, and on the arrival of the morn-
ing train from Boston, and arrive at Newport
at 11 A. M. Returning will leave Newport
at 2 o'clock, P. M., to connect with the 3 o'clock
train at Fall River for Boston; and leave Fall
River at 4 o'clock, P. M., touching at Bristol and
Bristol Ferry, and arrive at Providence at about
6 o'clock. Fare for a single passage 50 cents, or
Excursion tickets for the day at the same rate.
Tickets between Newport and Boston \$1.50, and
Baggage ticketed through to connect directly
with the Road without Carriage at Fall River.

For further information apply to
ANTHONY STEWART,
Newport, June 30, 1849.—tf.

BONNETS! Bonnets!

A new and beautiful assort-
ment of SILK BONNETS,
for sale cheap at No.
261 Thames street,
by A. SHERMAN.
Newport, May 12.

ICE CREAM.

MADE of pure cream and of unequalled fla-
vor and richness. We have no hesitation in
saying (as one trial will prove) that a better or
more delicious article cannot be produced in the
country. We pay an extra price for our cream,
and the testimony in its favor which we daily re-
ceive is highly flattering to ourselves, and fully
substantiates what we assert. One trial is all we
ask to insure future patronage. We have 4 rooms
adapted to this branch, which are open from 10
o'clock, a. m., to 11 o'clock, p. m. Families sup-
plied at 50 cts per quart, in Pyramids and other-
wise.
H. H. YOUNG, Park Saloon.
Aug. 4, 1849.

MURRAY HOUSE,

CORNER OF PELHAM & CORNE STREETS
NEWPORT, R. I.
Is now open for the reception
of company, by the subscriber, (un-
der the direction of Mrs. Murray.)
He begs leave to assure its former
patrons and the public, that no exertion will be
spared to sustain its present reputation.

WILLIAM B. WILSON.
Newport, June 2, 1849.

BLEACHED & UNBLEACHED LINEN TABLE COVERS,

WHITE LINENS,
AS LOW as can be bought in this place, at
JAMES H. HAMMETT'S

To the Hon. Court of Probate of Newport to be hold-
en on the first Monday in August, 1849.

THE subscriber, guardian of the estate in Rhode
Island, of Emily Cordelia Burdick, a minor,
daughter of Charles W. Burdick, Jun., deceased,
residing in Wickford, Tigg County, State of New
York, respectfully represents that the personal
estate of said minor in Rhode Island is insuffi-
cient by the sum of one hundred and thirty-six
dollars, to pay the just debts of said minor, pre-
sented to your petitioner and allowed by him, as
of record in the registry of this Court appears.—
He therefore prays that he may in his capacity of
guardian of said minor, be authorized to sell her
one undivided tenth part of the real estate in
Newport, late owned and occupied by Charles W.
Burdick, Sen., deceased, inherited by said minor
in right of her late father, Charles W. Burdick,
Jun., deceased, or so much thereof as will be
sufficient to raise said sum with incidental expen-
ses, and as in duty bound will ever pray.

THOMAS ROACH, Guardian.

Court of Probate, Newport, holden, August 6, 1849.

UPON the petition of Thomas Roach, guardian
of the estate of EMILY C. BURDICK, a
minor, for liberty to sell her interest in certain
Real Estate in Newport, late owned and occupied
by Charles W. Burdick, dec.,
The same is read, received & referred for consid-
eration to a Court of Probate to be holden at the
Town Hall in Newport, on the first Monday in
September next, the 3d day of said month, at 9
o'clock, A. M., and notice is ordered to be given
of the pendency and prayer thereof, by adver-
tisement 3 successive weeks, in the *Newport Mer-
cury*, that all persons interested may appear at said
time and place, and be heard.

B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

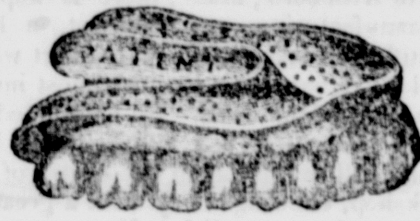
REMOVAL,

SIMON MOFFITT having removed his depot
to STEWART STREET, about 8 rods South east
from his former location, keeps constantly, a vari-
ety of Window Frames & Sashes, glazed and
unglazed; Blinds and Doors, of various sizes.—
He also manufactures Lock Sashes, of a superior
kind, for strength and durability.

17 Having fitted up his shop in first rate order,
he is able to turn out large or small JOBS with
neatness and dispatch, and on the most reasona-
ble terms. All those in want of such work, are
respectfully invited to call and see for themselves.
N. B.—Building and Repairing particularly at-
tended to.

Newport, Oct. 1, 1848.—tf.

WM. H. SMITH, DENTAL SURGEON.



WOULD inform the citizens of Newport and
its vicinity, that he has taken rooms at Mrs.
WILCOX'S, over Messrs. *Finch & Eng's* Store,
(first door North of Swinburn's Block, Thames
street,) where he will be in attendance to perform
all operations essential to the preservation of the
TEETH and GUMS. He will also insert ARTI-
FICIAL TEETH, from one, to an entire set,
in the best possible manner. Work warranted
and prices moderate.

Mr. S. has had a number of years experience in
his Profession, and therefore feels confident that
he can perform all operations to the entire satis-
faction of all parties.

Mr. S. would also state that he intends making
Newport his permanent residence, and hopes by
strict attention to business to merit a share of
public patronage.

Unquestionable references given, if re-
quired. He has a Compound Dentifrice for beau-
tifying and preserving the Teeth; a very superior
article, prepared by himself.
Newport, May 5, 1849.

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, CHILDREN'S SHOES, &c.

THE subscriber, grateful
for past favors, respectfully in-
forms his friends and the public;
that he has received his Summer
supply, consisting of—Men's calf, goat and seal
Boots, Gents French calf Boots, Ladies' Gaiter
Boots, Buskins and Slippers, of the latest styles;
Misses Shoes, of every description; Boys' Boots
& Shoes; Childrens fancy Shoes &c. Also Gents
Gaithers. These goods have been carefully
selected, and are offered at prices to suit the most
economical, at the old stand, nearly opposite the
Post Office, by
JOHN N. POTTER.

JUST RECEIVED, A fresh supply of Rough & Ready, Opera, and Cloth GAITERS.

Farm For Sale,

THAT VALUABLE and pleas-
ant FARM, about three miles
from Newport on the West road
leading to Bristol Ferry, in Mid-
dletown, containing about one hundred acres of
first quality and highly cultivated tillage land,
with two good dwelling-houses, out kitchen,
wood house, milk room, ice house, carriage house
and stable, crib, and several other small buildings.
The whole Farm is well stocked with small fruits,
with two orchards, a large garden, and about one
acre of land on the west shore below the farm
bought for the purpose of taking sea-weed and
sand for the use of the Farm. For terms of pay-
ment, which will be liberal, apply to
STEPHEN T. NORTHAM,
in Newport.

Aug. 5, 1848.

FOR SALE

THE beautiful mansion owned and
occupied by the subscriber, 1 mile
from Newport, on the main road to
Boston. The situation is unrivaled.
The house was planned by Warren, and built by
Tallman & Bucklin, with the best materials, in
the most substantial manner. An orchard in full
bearing, a garden of 1 1/2 acres (surrounded by a
buckthorn hedge) well stocked with small fruits.
—Fruit trees and shrubbery of a large growth
constitute the most attractive whole, for a summer
residence, to be found on the Island. Purchas-
ers are invited to call and view the establish-
ment every day between the hours of 9 & 12 A.
M., or 3 and 5 P. M. If not sold previous to the
1st of August, it will be offered at auction on
that day.
WM. VERNON.
June 30, 1849.

WHITE CRAFT SHAWLS, plain and em-
brodered, for sale very cheap, by
JAMES H. HAMMETT'S
June 16.] WM. C. COZZENS & CO.

SELECTED POETRY.

From the New York Tribune.

SONG OF THE MARINER'S NEEDLE.

BY C. B. CLARKE.

Ho! burnish well, ye cunning hands!
A palace home for me,
For I would ride in regal state
Across the briny sea.
Bring ivory from the Indian main
To pave my mystic floor,
And make my dome of crystal sheen,
My walls of shining ore.

Now mount the wave, ye fearful ones!
Though raging storms assail
My sparry lance o'ercometh all—
My strength will never fail.
The storm-fiend wraps his murky clouds
Around your trembling sight,
But I can pierce that gloomy veil
And soar beyond the night.

The lone Enchantress of the Deep,
I rule its boist'rous realm;
Watch ye my lithe and quiv'ring wand
To guide your straining helm.
Ay, bend your anxious gaze on me
The Polar Star is dim,
And driven darkness is awake
With Ocean's awful hymn!

For I commune with spirit forms
Within my wizard cell,
And mantling midnight mists before
The magic of my spell.
By many long, enduring links
I clasp the Northern Star,
And on that wily, shadowed chain
I visit her afar.

And sapient eyes have watched me long,
And Science has grown gray,
And still ye dream not how nor why
I keep my wondrous way.
Ye know me as ye know the storm
That heaves your heaving path,
Ye love me though, since mine is not
The mystery of wrath!

For the Newport Mercury.

STANZAS.

Her days on earth were few—she had not known
What 'twas to live, when numbered with the dead
"The silver cord was loosed"—and there alone
In yonder Grave-yard rests her little head.

It was a sad and memorable night,
When, watching by her bed, I saw her lay
Convulsed and struggling—till the morning light
Called her blest spirit from the world away.

The morning sun shone brightly—but my heart
Was full of sorrow as I closed her eyes;
Yet she looked happy as if glad to part
From earthly friends and enter paradise.

I could not mourn to see her early blest;
I could not weep—when Heaven on her smiled;
To see her enter an eternal rest
I bowed in silence, and gave up the child.

Oh! had she lived, she might not thus have died
Had the world claimed her, she had loved it more;
While in affliction, joy is thus supplied,
I kiss the rod that smites me, and adore!
Aug. 13th, 1849.

COMMISSIONER'S & ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

THE subscribers having been appointed by the
Hon. Court of Probate of the town of New-
port, commissioners to receive and examine the
claims against the estate of

BENJAMIN FAIRBANKS,
late of Newport, dec., represented insolvent,
herby give public notice that six months from
this date, are allowed the creditors of said estate
to present and prove their several claims, and
that we will meet at the office of Peter P.
Remington, on the third Saturdays of December,
1849, and January and February 1850, at 2 o'clock,
P. M., for the purpose of examining and
deciding on the same.

CLARKE BURDICK, } Comm'rs.
JAMES LAWTON, }
BENJAMIN SEATLE, }
All persons indebted to said estate are request-
ed to make immediate payment to
PETER P. REMINGTON, Administrator
with the Will annexed.
Newport, August 6, 1849.

Court of Probate, Newport, holden August 6, 1849.

THE Commissioners Report and the Adminis-
trators first account on the estate of
HENRIETTA ELLERY,
late of Newport, colored woman, dec., were pre-
sented for reception and allowance.

The same are referred for consideration to a
Court of Probate, to be holden at the Town Hall
in Newport, on the first Monday in September
next, the 3d day of said month, at 9 o'clock, a. m.,
and notice is ordered to be given by advertisement
for three successive weeks in the *Newport Mer-
cury*, that all persons interested may appear if
they see fit and show cause why said report
should not be received and said Commission
closed, and said account be allowed.

B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, Newport, holden August 6, 1849.

THOMAS ROACH, guardian of the estate of
EMILY CORDELIA BURDICK, of Rich-
ford, Tigg County, New York, minor, presents his
guardianship account on her estate for allow-
ance.

The same is read, received and the considera-
tion thereof referred to a Court of Probate to be
holden at the Town Hall in Newport, on the first
Monday of September next, the 3d day of said
month, at 9 o'clock, A. M., and notice is ordered
to be given thereof for 3 successive weeks in the
Newport Mercury, that all persons interested may
appear at said time and place and be heard.

B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

Look at this ye Lovers of Good Things.

PRESERVES, Jellies, and brandy fruits—all
of superior quality, put up expressly for fami-
ly use, are now offered for sale at a reduced price.
Those in want are invited to call at the Confec-
tionary and Variety Store, corner of Thames and
Frank streets.
STACY.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE MANNERS OF THE CHINESE.

The summer dress of the common orders
is simple in the extreme; the eternal jacket
is looped almost invariably over the right
breast with little gilded balls, and the
pantaloons being made very large at the
middle as well as below, they dexterously
wreath a portion around the waist, confin-
ing it by folds instead of following the
barbarian custom of wearing suspenders.

These dresses are of blue cotton or a
stuff resembling coarse crash.

Those who are thus attired seldom wear
stockings or shoes, but in rainy weather
they invest themselves with high-heeled
slippers, that clatter in the pavement like
the sabots of the French peasantry.

Their enormous summer hats of strips
of bamboo, are six feet or more in circum-
ference, forming a striking feature in the
laborers' costume.

The females of the same rank wear them
also, and at a short distance in the fields, it
is difficult to distinguish them from the
men. But the dress of the laborer, how-
ever common or ugly it may be, resembles
little that of the higher classes of citizens
or civil officers. The great heat of six
months in the year compels all persons to
adopt as light a garment as possible, and
this is no doubt one of the many causes of
the general good health of the Chinese,
their dresses admitting of a perfect develop-
ment of their limbs.

A blue or brown silk gown, long and
flowing, leaving the neck bare; short
breaches tied at the knees; stockings and
shoes, make up the ordinary costume. But
think not, reader, that by stockings are
meant those knit and close fitting articles
of German or English importation, with
which we associate the name of hose; oh
no, those of a Chinese gentleman are of
the woven cotton, gartered with blue rib-
bon, and set loosely in a series of graceful
wrinkles. These are introduced, not into
highly polished boots, but thrust into clumsy
shoes of cloth, or satin, or variegated velvet
with enormous white soles.

The fan is indispensable, for in summer
the caps of the respectable portions of the
community are doffed, and their bare heads
would be unsheltered from the sun, were it
not for the use of this graceful article,
which is held in the right hand over the
head. Often it is elegantly embroidered,
painted with figures and landscape, or in-
scribed with a maxim from Confucius.—
In the warm months the grass-cloth, for
which the Chinese are justly celebrated, is
also used extensively for dresses, and the
light cool material appears to great advan-
tage on the person of a gentleman.

The summer habits of the mandarins
are beautiful. Frequently they wear a
long gown of blue gauze drawn at the waist
black satin boots, and the decorated ap-
pendages before mentioned, which make
altogether a very striking show; their hats
are then of white braid, conical in shape,
surmounted with a ball indicative of rank,
and adorned with a falling plume of shining
scarlet hair.

During the winter their state robes are
stiff with gorgeous embroidery. Those of
the highest mandarins are splendid in the
extreme, being worked in brilliant hues on
superb silks of the finest texture. Their
shoes are ornamented also, one of the prin-
cipal figures being the imperial dragon.

On the back and breast of some dresses
is the figure of a bird inclosed in a square,
and the necklace of one hundred and eight
large court beads of bright agate quartz, or
rare perfumed wood, always accompanies
a state costume. The mandarin's winter
cap is utterly different from that of the
summer. It is usually of dark blue velvet,
fitting close to the head, with a broad edge
turn-up all around, and instead of the hair
plume, it is furnished with one of scarlet
silk.

The ball, always worn except in case of
mourning, is red, blue, white crystal or
gold, according to rank, and these varieties,
with some other insignia, distinguish the
nine grades of mandarins.

The peacock's feather is an honor grant-
ed for signal merit, and it is worthy of note
that such marks of favor are seldom or never
bestowed unless well deserved. The privi-
lege of wearing a state dress may indeed be
purchased for an immense sum, but this
confers no rank or honor. The aristocracy
of talent and not of wealth bears sway in
China.

Judging from a few specimens of splen-
dor to be seen in a city so remote from the
court as Canton, there must be a vast deal
of wealth and magnificence at the capital,
and the accounts of old travellers as well as
of later embassies, speak of state and pomp
worthy of so immense an empire. Never
was there a country in which tailors have
been as completely snubbed as in China.—
Not one of the class ventures to originate
a fashion, for the costumes of the nation
are regulated at court by a board of officers
from whose decree no one dares dissent.

The common order of females dress much
like the men, but the visitor who walks from
the foreign factories towards the western
part of Canton passing through retired
streets only occupied by the houses of
wealthy Chinese, will often see ladies walk-
ing beautifully attired in rich silks, and
with children or servants in company.

Their dress conceals the person entirely;
the long gown or toga fits close around the
neck, and has loose sleeves enveloping the
hands.

Their heads are uncovered and their
style of coiffure is singular and usually
thought becoming.

The front hair of unmarried females is
combed straight back, with the exception
of the small portion hanging over the fore-
head.

The other portion of the hair is combed
and braided into the tail like the men's, but
no part of the female's head is shaved.

When married or shortly before, the whole
hair is combed up, and a false piece set on
the back of the head, fastened by clasps and
pins of gold, or other less precious material,
according to the wealth of the fair one.—
A beautiful ornament is sometimes worn by
rich women representing a bird with ex-
tended wings, formed of gold or silver
filagree, studded with pearls and sup-
ported by light wires trembling with the
slightest motion, seems to hover over the
head of the lady.

What need of the long wide pantaloons
of the Chinese ladies. To conceal their
feet. They have none for service, and hob-
ble along more awkwardly than a child first
learning to walk. Soon as the female child
is born, its feet are inclosed with shoes and
bound firmly round and round, so that no
growth can ensue. Nature endeavoring to
have its way, can only produce exquisite
torture as each attempt proves useless.

How these females ever learn to stand
or move is strange, yet, as we before ob-
served, they may sometimes be seen in the
streets supporting their trembling limbs with
a staff.

Models in clay of the contracted feet,
painted flesh color and set into shoes of the
same size as actually worn, are sold in
Canton as curiosities.

The large toe fits into the point of the
shoe, and the others instead of being in their
natural position, are jammed and driven
into the side of the foot, appearing di-
rectly behind the other. It is as though
the foot was cut off just below the ankle
joint and the stump sharpened to a point.

This custom is exclusively Chinese, and
is not followed even by the Mauchon Tar-
tars, who being the last Asiatic conquerors
of China, have adopted many of its cus-
toms, and whose emperor now wields his
despotic sceptre over one half of the human
race.

It would be a vain effort to attempt to de-
scribe all the scenes and individual objects
of the streets of Canton. One might ob-
serve for years, see something new every
day, in narrating forget to speak of many,
and then for all his trouble be requited with
"What! don't he say any thing about so
and so? Well then his book isn't worth
much."

The manners and customs of the Chi-
nese are in a great measure peculiar to
themselves; they had their origin long cen-
turies since, they are unchanged, and are
still unchanging.

The sexes in China live mostly apart.—
Brothers and sisters after a certain age bid
good bye to each other, and though they
meet of course, in the bosom of the family,
they have little social intercourse. The
Chinese husband goes out into the world
and attends to his business, and amuses
himself as he pleases, but the wife must
stay at home and be contented to eat sepa-
rately, and attend to her children; or if her
husband is rich, dress in fine style and make
her female neighbors cry their eyes out
with envy.

Polygamy is sanctioned, yet a man loses
caste in some degree for every additional
wife he takes, and should he venture on
half a dozen, his friends would cut him.

An old campradore was telling me once
about his domestic felicity, he said I had
got one wife, one old ting, good for nothing.
Then why don't you marry another? I
asked.

Oh, said he, no two, no good.

A great point in Chinese happiness is
the number of children the fortunate man
may boast of. The principle they go upon
is, in the words of Shakespeare, "The
world must be peopled."

When you meet a Chinese gentleman,
he folds his hands and shakes them at you,
saying, chin chin, words of the Canton-
Chinese-Anglo jargon, signifying welcome,
or thank you, or farewell, according to the
occasion.

If your visit is one of ceremony, he is
careful to keep his hat on while you un-
cover, and seats you of course on his left
hand.

He is so courtier-like, that he will not
touch the chair a moment before you, and
if he perceives that he is doing so, he in-
stantly rises a little. Then, perhaps, he
treats you to sweetmeats and tea. The tea
is always delicious. It is not contaminated
by cream and sugar, he would not con-
descend to such a barbarous custom.—
There are no saucers for the cups to stand
upon, but you will see that they are on the
top of the cup, to keep in the aroma of the
clear amber-colored beverage.

And so in China you will see a hundred
reverses to European customs.

A man dresses like a woman, and uses
a fan even more; he carries his watch on
the right side, and instead of leaning his
knife and chopsticks on the table, he puts
them into a little case and bears them about
with him; he uncovers his head in summer
time, he begins to read a book at its na-
tural end, he never cuts the leaves of it, he
writes perpendicularly, he eats fruit first,
and soup last, at feasts of ceremony.

He whitens the soles of his shoes instead
of blacking them; he puts on boots, and

discards shoes when he wishes to be ex-
tremely elegant in company, and old men
play like little boys, and little boys look as
dignified as judges.

On one occasion I saw an instance of
Chinese contrariety that certainly put to
flight any of the recreations of old men in
my own country, for as some of us were
warming ourselves in a cool November
afternoon with the primitive and healthful
sport of leap-frog, much to the delight of
herds of Chinese, to our inexpressible sur-
prise, we saw three grave citizens whose
united ages were certainly over a century
and a half, become so carried away by the
spirit of the game, that they must join
in it themselves. They were men of respec-
tability, they were dressed in fine silk,
and their beards and moustaches were
combed precisely, and in a moment two of
them stood at the prescribed distance from
each other, and placed their hands upon
their knees; while the third, a gentle-
man near threescore years, indulged in a
flying run, and would have cleared his
companion's head in gallant style, only his
long gown took such firm hold of the other's
back that both came to the ground, like
horse and rider in a steeple chase.

Not at all disheartened, they continued
the game for half an hour or so

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Steamer *Hibernia*, Capt. Lang, arrived at Boston on Wednesday evening, at 10 o'clock, from Liverpool, whence she sailed on the 4th instant, making the passage in eleven days, and bringing seven days later intelligence from Europe.

ENGLAND.—Trade has continued quiet but steady, and cotton has been in moderate demand. The prospect of the harvest being of the most favorable character, and the absence as yet of any disease of the potato crop, has tended to lower the price of breadstuffs. The metal market is steady, and a fair business going forward. Money is still abundant and can be obtained on the terms last quoted.

The demand for cotton has been more limited for some time past.

The weather continues exceedingly fine, and is forcing on the grain crops to maturity. The harvest has commenced in the southern districts of England, and the appearance of all the grain crops promise a very abundant yield.

The ravages of the cholera are still chiefly confined to the destitute population. Taking the daily reports of the registrar-general throughout the kingdom, the number of attacks, which range about 600 daily, ended on Tuesday in 340 deaths, on Wednesday the attacks were 547, with only 250 deaths; and Thursday the attacks were 597, with 200 deaths; indeed, comparing the deaths with the number of attacks, the malady appears to be of a more malignant and fatal character. Out of the 600 daily cases of attacks, more than 250 apply to London, whilst the remainder take place in the whole kingdom, including about 50 in Scotland.

THE QUEENS VISIT TO IRELAND.—Her majesty, prince Albert and suite, embarked on the 1st instant on board the royal yacht *Victoria* and *Albion*, Capt. Lord Adolphus Fitzclarence, G. C. H., at half past three o'clock in the afternoon. The *Victoria* and *Albion*, with the royal standard at the main, then proceeded, under a salute from *Cowes Castle*, en route to Cork, Dublin, Belfast and Greenock, in company with several steam vessels.

The first port of destination will be Cork, afterwards Dublin, though provision has been made to put in at Waterford, if it is thought desirable. After her majesty's visit in Dublin is completed, the squadron will go on to Greenock; and after the debarcation of her majesty and prince Albert, the royal yacht will return to Portsmouth.

FRANCE.—It is stated in all the Paris papers of Thursday that the negotiation for peace between Austria and Piedmont have not been brought to a successful issue. It seems the whole of the conditions proposed by the Austrian government were accepted by Piedmont. The latter, however, in its counter-project, insisted on a full amnesty in favor of the Lombards who had taken part in the late war, to which Austria would not consent.

La Patrie states that the legislative assembly will not adjourn before the 20th, in consequence of the quantity of important business which remains to be concluded.

The village of Foulery, department of the Meurthe, has been almost entirely destroyed by fire.

The president of the republic arrived at Tours on Wednesday morning. His reception was much more cordial than that which he received either at Angers or Nantes. After a public entry into the city, receiving numerous addresses and deputations, and visiting a great agricultural establishment in the neighborhood for the education of orphans, the president attended a dinner given by the municipality, and a ball in the evening. He visited Blois, and was to return to Paris in the evening.

PORTUGAL.—By advices from Lisbon to the 20th July, we learn that the ex-king of Sardinia, Charles Albert, died, after intense suffering, on the 28th of July. His body was embalmed, and placed in the cathedral, to await the arrival of the steamer appointed to take his remains to Genoa. A general mourning was directed, to last for eight days, as a mark of respect to the deceased.

ITALY.—Letters of the 24th July from Rome state that the final decision of the Pope had not been received, and much uncertainty prevails respecting his intention. M. de Courcelles had returned to Gaeta for the purpose of again explaining to the supreme pontiff the necessity of his giving a satisfactory proclamation, and refraining from appointing a governing council in which were to be five churchmen, and only three laymen.

Rome was perfectly tranquil, and the conduct of the French officers and soldiers were exemplary. The cafes were crowded by Romans and French indiscriminately, and that alienation which appeared at first is now gradually wearing away.

AUSTRIA AND HUNGARY.—Letters from Hungary state that Gen. Georgey entered Kaschau on the 22d ult., after defeating Gen. Saks, at Jasso. Gen. Paskiewitch had experienced a check between Gyongyos and Erlau, and been obliged to retire. The Hungarians found in Kaschau 30,000 articles of military equipments. The corps of generals Dembinski and Georgey were in communication, and the two Russian armies were cut off from their base of operation. The cholera was making fearful ravages in the ranks of the belligerents, and the Russians suffered greatly from the heat. The *Kolner Zeitung* states that the fortress of Temesvar has surrendered to the Hungarians, who have likewise entered Semlin, the possession of which town makes them masters of the line of the Danube from Esseg to Orshova, thus facilitating their communication with the Turkish empire and the city of Belgrade. Another report is that prince Paskiewitch has been defeated by Dembinski's army at Gyongyos.

The movements in Turkish Croatia are increasing in extent and violence, and the desire of the Turkish Croats to join their Austrian brethren in a Croat kingdom, under Baron Jallachich, becomes daily more manifest.

BY THE MAILS.

FROM CALIFORNIA.—Advices from California have been received by the arrival of the steamship *Empire City*, at New York from Chagres. The accounts from San Francisco are to the 2d of July.

The *Empire City* brought \$1,500,000 in gold dust.

The steamship *Oregon* arrived at Panama, from San Francisco, on the 23d July.

The accounts from the gold regions proper—those where the gold is obtained from the earth and the waters—present nothing of special interest. The streams, swollen by the melting of the winter snows, were falling apace, and work at the "wet diggings," which had been much impeded, was beginning to resume its former activity. The reports of success are most contradictory, some representing it as very bad while others speak of vast daily gains. The returning heat was signalized, as usual, by prevalent sickness. The number of adventurers was very great, although many gangs were straggling back from the diggings, discouraged by toil, suffering and little profit; but their places were supplied by equal or greater numbers of new comers.

Of the political movements we have nothing definite, the time for holding the convention not having yet arrived. The *Alta Californian* of July 2d has a long article on the subject, the principle feature of which is a strong protest against adopting a constitution not having a distinct and positive clause against the recognition of slavery; the ground being taken that a constitution not having such a clause would neither be sanctioned by Congress nor accepted by the people of California. Other points are suggested by the editor, for determination by the convention.

An advertisement in the *Alta Californian* sets forth the eminent advantages of the site of the "City of New York of the Pacific." Lots are also advertised in the towns of Sutter, Santa Cruz, Stockton, Boston, Fremont, Napa, San Jose, Vernon, Webster, Suisun, Toulumne, St. Louis, &c.

At San Francisco matters were in much the same condition as at the date of previous advices. Ships arriving were generally deserted by their crews, labor of all kinds commanded extravagant prices and rents or lodgings were held at preposterous rates; but merchandise of all kinds was unsalable or salable only at very moderate prices, not sufficient to cover prime cost and expenses.

Gen. Riley can rely upon ninety-five out of every hundred Americans to support him and the United States government.

STEAM TO CALIFORNIA.—An almost unknown steam communication will soon be opened between New York and the coast generally, and the gold regions at the head waters of the Sacramento and San Joaquin in the interior of California! A small steamer (the *Gen. Herrera*) is already placed on the Chagres river to take passengers from their steamships to Cruces, and three similar vessels—the frames and engines having been sent out some time since—will be placed on the California rivers about the 1st of October, in readiness to take them from the Pacific steamers directly to the "diggings." So that within 60 days there will be an entire line of steam navigation from our Atlantic cities and the gold mines—with the exception of the 22 miles on the Isthmus from Cruces to Panama; and this short track will be supplied with a railroad within 18 months.

THE CENSUS OF OREGON has just been taken, in pursuance of an act of Congress, and shows a total, present and absent, of 8,903 souls. This includes the foreign population, which amounts to less than 300 souls. By the census there are 2,509 voters in the territory, but in consequence of the absence of many who are in the mines, and by the reason of there being some six candidates, it is supposed that the successful aspirant for the office of delegate will not receive more than 200 votes.

ACCIDENT.—On Monday evening, Mr. James Crouch who resided on Waterloo street, in this city, was fatally injured by a kick from a horse in his own stable. He died yesterday morning at 7 o'clock. It appears that he was engaged in harnessing the horse, and becoming entangled in some way, was kicked in such manner as shockingly to fracture his jaw. He was found in this distressing and helpless situation soon after by his wife, and although he lived some thirty-six hours, never spoke after receiving the injury. Mr. C. had been for twenty years a resident of this city and was much respected. He was 52 years of age.—*Rochester American*.

TIME WORKS WONDERS.—About 12 or 15 years ago two persons, who have since become very distinguished, pursued in the City of Cincinnati, occupations one would have thought not very likely to form generals, statesmen or soldiers, but who have each occupied no small portion of the attention of the world. The first of these, a working tinsman and brass founder, became the distinguished Gen. Arista of the Mexican army; and the second is the famous Garibaldi, then keeper of a cafe. At the same time Maroncelli, the companion of Silvio Pellico, taught music in New York, Louis Napoleon was writing his treatise on artillery at Geneva, in Switzerland, and Achille Murat was practicing law and planting sugar in Florida. There are certainly ebbs and floods, in every man's fortune.—*Washington Republic*.

A pedestrian feat worth mentioning was performed by a professional gentleman of this city who, we understand, left town on foot at 4 o'clock on Friday morning, and arrived at the Delaware Water Gap, a distance of seventy miles, the same evening. On Monday, after two days' rest, he started for home again on foot, stopped at Rockaway some hours to avoid a storm, and reached home at 11 o'clock the same evening.—*Newark Daily Advertiser*.

A REMARKABLE WOMAN.—The *St. Andrews*, (N. B.) Standard contains the following extraordinary obituary notice:—"Died, at St. Stephen's, on the 21st of July, Mrs. Elizabeth Dodd, aged one hundred and eleven years."

In the death of this aged person there is a volume of history lost. Living in great retirement, the relic of forgotten age, few knew the stories she could tell of the brave old days. Born on board a British ship of the line in the Bay of Biscy, cradled on the broad Atlantic, her father killed fighting the battles of George I, she was cast an orphan on the shores of New York—Thence carried to St. Augustine, her youth was passed at the South. Here she married and settled on the banks of the Alabama. On the outbreak of the war between France, Spain, and England, she and other settlers were made prisoners and taken to New Orleans. After two years she was transferred to the Spaniards and taken to the castle of Vera Cruz, where she remained until its capture by the British in 1761. She was then relieved and then taken to New York. During the first American war she followed her husband through the principal campaigns, and was at many of the hardest fought battles—at Monmouth, White Plains, Yorktown, &c. At the close of the American war she came with the Loyalists to this province, 1787.

SINGULAR PRESENTMENT.—Mr. Mont-friedy, of Onondaga, died suddenly on Friday last of bilious cholera. Mr. M. was about 53 years of age, and usually enjoyed good health. About one week before his death he selected and purchased a lot in the cemetery in this city, and also selected stone for his monument at one of the stone cutting establishments in this city. He said he should be buried within three weeks though he was then in his usual health.—Mr. M. was a man of fine property, and married a daughter of the late Gen. Van Cortlandt, of this city.—*Syracuse Jour.*

On Monday afternoon while a large congregation had assembled in a church at Spotswood, to attend the funeral services of Dr. Lefferts, and just at the prayer preceding the sermon, near the whole of the ceiling came down with a tremendous crash upon the congregation. The fright and alarm are said to have been truly awful; the more so, no doubt, as just at that instant the whole edifice was shaken by a terrible clap of thunder, which is supposed to have disengaged the ceiling—it being before considerably cracked. Those of the congregation who were able left the church, making their exit through the doors and windows in the wildest confusion. Some three or four persons were very much injured, but it is hoped not fatally. The services were postponed.—*Newark Ad.*

APPLES AS AN ARTICLE OF HUMAN FOOD. The importance of apples, as food, has not hitherto been sufficiently estimated in this country nor understood. Besides contributing a large proportion of sugar, mucilage, and other nutritive matter, in the form of food, they contain such a fine combination of vegetable acids, extractive substances, and aromatic principles, with the nutritive matter, as to act powerfully in the capacity of refrigerants, tonics, and antiseptics; and when freely used at the season of ripeness, by rural laborers and others, they "prevent debility, strengthen digestion, correct the putrefactive tendencies of nitrogenous food, avert scurvy, and probably maintain and strengthen the powers of productive labor."

The operators at Cornwall, in England, consider ripe apples nearly as nourishing as bread, and more so than potatoes. In the year 1801, a year of scarcity, apples, instead of being converted into cider, were sold to the poor; and the laborers asserted that they could stand their work on baked apples, without meat; whereas, a potato diet required either meat or fish.

The French and Germans use apples extensively; indeed, it is rare that they sit down, in the rural districts, without them in some shape or other, even at the best tables. The laborers and mechanics depend on them, to a very great extent, as an article of food, and frequently dine on sliced apples and bread. Stewed with rice, red cabbage, carrots, or by themselves, with a little sugar and milk, they make both a pleasant and nutritious dish.

If all the world knew how little all the world cared about one's appearance—dress rings, canes, watches, curls, &c. &c.—in public assemblages, how much useless trouble and anxiety would it not prevent! People seem to think—and women particularly—that whenever they appear at church or at the theatre, every body else has come expressly to look at them. Now when we go to the theatre, it is to look at the performers. They are paid for being looked at—and frequently, we must confess, the spectator gets the worst of the bargain.

N. Y. Day Book.

BREAD FOR THE POOR.—Hon. Theodore Atkinson, who died in this town in 1779, left a legacy of £200 sterling to the Episcopal church in Portsmouth, the interest of which he ordered to be expended in bread, which was to be distributed on Sunday to the poor of the parish. The fund has been carefully preserved, and the income, to this time, has been regularly expended in the way the benevolent donor designated. In this way more than a hundred thousand loaves, of four cents value, have been bestowed upon those who have most needed them. Although no miracle has been done, the donor in this way has literally fed more than five thousand, with five loaves, and left of fragments enough to feed as large a multitude in the next seventy years.

Portsmouth, N. H. Jour.

An effort is being made in St. Louis and elsewhere to establish a chapel for the use of boatmen on the western waters. There are 60,000 of these men employed on the steamboats, and 20,000 more, it is stated, upon the keel and flat boats of the Mississippi and its tributaries.

LARGE PIECE OF GOLD.—We were shown a few days since, the largest piece of gold we have yet seen. It was procured on the Stanislaus river, and brought here by Mr. Webber, of Stockton. It is about six inches in length, two and a half in width, and from one quarter to five eighths of an inch in thickness. To all appearances it is pure gold, and weighs seventy-eight ounces, or six and a half pounds Troy! Its value at \$16 the ounce is \$1,248. A glorious day's work. With this piece we were shown two smaller pieces weighing about one pound each.—*Alta Californian*.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 11.—An astounding defalcation has been discovered in the Bank of Missouri to-day, amounting to \$120,000, and is supposed to have been going on for years. Nathaniel Childs, late paying teller, has been arrested, but has given bail. He is highly respectable, now a Methodist preacher, and has lived here twenty years. He and Shields had keys of the bank. Childs resigned about three months since. Some question was then made about his having acquired so much property, but a satisfactory explanation was given, and his resignation accepted.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT IN CAMDEN.—A terrible accident happened at Camden, N. J. on Saturday afternoon. While a number of workmen were plastering a new three storied brick house, in Stevens street, near Fourth, the whole tenement, owing to the defective nature of the foundation and walls, without the least warning, tumbled down, carrying with it the gable wall of an adjoining house. Some of the workmen were buried so deep that it required several hours of superhuman exertions to extricate them. The demolished building was the property of T. Newell.

Philadelphia Gaz. Monday.

"WE RECTIFY NO MISTAKES."—The following good story is told in the New York Globe, which vouches for its strict accuracy, the person who got the money being in the office of that paper:

Mr. Jessurun, Treasurer of the building Association in this city, received yesterday from the Seamen's Saving Bank, a one thousand dollar bill instead of a one hundred. He did not discover the mistake at the time, nor until an hour or two afterwards, when he was within an ace of passing away the bill for the amount he supposed it to represent; but caught a glimpse of the addition cypher before he passed it out of his hands. Hurrying back to the bank he informed the paying teller that he had made a mistake.

"We rectify no mistakes after the parties have left the bank," was the reply.

"Yes, but you've paid me too much money!"

This was quite "another pair of sleeves." The officers of the bank were instantly on the qui vive. Mr. Jessurun handed in the one thousand and received a one hundred in return, without even a "thank you!" by way of difference.

ROBBERY.—The house of Mr. Dixon, on Meeting Hill, in Somerville, was broken into by two men, on Tuesday night, for the purpose of robbery, but before they had time to secure any plunder they were overheard by Mrs. Dixon and daughter, who made such vigorous outcries to the neighbors for assistance that the rascals took to their heels and effected their escape. The burglars are supposed to be the same who entered the house of Mr. Swallow, in the same vicinity, a few nights before, but were discovered and made their exit by jumping from an attic window upon a shed, and thence to the ground.

Boston Transcript.

WAR AMONG THE BIRDS.—A large owl was captured by Mr. William King, of this city, on Wednesday evening, in a most singular manner. The window of one of the rooms of his house was open, and a small child was in bed alone in the room, just before dark. The child beginning to cry, some one went into the room to quiet it, and discovered the owl standing on one of the bedposts; and in and near the window were a considerable number of robins and other small birds, which had evidently driven his owl-ship into his present confinement, and were guarding the window to prevent the escape of their enemy. Mr. King was called and having shut the window, went into the room and caught and caged the bird, which he has still in his possession.—*Rochester American*.

THIEVING IN RUSSIA.—St. Petersburg contains the cleverest race of thieves in the world. The fact is acknowledged. An officer being warned that robberies were committed in the steamers on their departure for foreign countries, carefully kept his hands in his pockets while chatting with a friend of whom he came to take leave; the bell rung, he embraced his friend, and immediately put his hand into his pocket, but found them empty. Another laid his eye-glass on the counter of a theatre refreshment room and watched it very attentively; but, when he raised a tumbler to his lips, the eye-glass vanished. Cheating indeed is carried to such excess in Russia, that one might be tempted to say it is in the air or blood. Russian commerce and manufactures are unquestionably the most dishonest in the world; China and England have had equal reason to complain of it. The Chinese, who are too suspicious to receive without examination, the rolls of Russian cloth, find pieces of wood inside; the English receive grease instead of tallow.

Boston Mail.

AN ELECTION RECONTE.—At Louisville on Tuesday last, a terrible fray occurred at the polls. Mr. Seymour, editor of a German paper, was first assaulted by a Mr. Means, when pistols and knives were drawn and four shots fired by different persons, besides volleys of brickbats. It resulted in Mr. Means receiving a shot in his shoulder, and several being bruised and battered, and in a boy about 19 years old being killed by a ball entering his back. None of the parties were arrested.

A CHOLERA INCIDENT.—On Sunday afternoon, a man was seen on board a vessel on the South Boston Flats, making signals for assistance. Upon going on board it appeared that the vessel was the fishing schooner *Friendship*; that while at anchor there, the captain, Solomon Dill, had been seized with cholera, and had taken to his berth. Soon after, his son, the only one left on board, was also seized. In the afternoon, the father died, and for forty-eight hours the son lay helpless within sight of his father's dead body. Sunday afternoon, as above stated, the son recovered sufficiently to crawl out and call for assistance. The authorities finding that they belonged to Hull, sent the son there, he taking with him his father's dead body.

Boston Traveller.

ATTEMPT AT HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—On Friday evening last, a gentleman and lady were riding in a chaise on the road from Somerville to Cambridge, and when in the midst of the grove of willows which is about half way between the two places, a man jumped from between the trees, and calling upon them to stop, attempted to seize the reins. The gentleman urged the horse forward, and turning the chaise a little at the same time, the shaft struck the man and knocked him down. He immediately arose and ran after the chaise, calling upon those within to stop, at the top of his voice. He kept pace with the chaise for some distance, although the horse was running at nearly the top of his speed, but did not succeed in his attempt to seize the reins. Finally, becoming exhausted, he discontinued the race. He was a tall, stout man, and appeared to be an American.

Boston Traveller.

REMARKABLE COINCIDENCE OF RETRIBUTION.—Abraham Doyce, who committed an aggravated murder in this county about two years since and fled, was a short time ago arrested in Cincinnati and died of cholera. John Freedly, recently acquitted of the murder of his wife in this county, died also of the cholera. His case was of very great doubt; his conduct was most extraordinary and unfeeling, if he was innocent, but he has now gone to final judgment.—Carl Parpenberg, who, a few years ago, was acquitted of the murder of an Italian image maker, because the jury would not convict upon circumstantial evidence, has also died of the prevailing epidemic. Of his guilt, no doubt, except the legal doubt of the jury, was ever entertained.

Phila. Despatch.

A DOG THAT CHEWS TOBACCO.—A friend has just related to us a curious fact in natural history, respecting a dog. In North Attleboro', Mass., there is kept, in a manufacturing establishment, a large mastiff, who takes as much comfort with a quid of tobacco, as does the most inveterate lover of the weed. So habituated has he become with its use, that he must have it, and will set all day in the centre of the workshop, chewing away with a great appetite, and a good relish. He became thus much like a man, by laying, when young, with "old sogers," as the ends of cigars are professionally termed. In such play he would occasionally find a "soger" in his mouth, until at length a taste was formed for the tobacco, which has since continued to increase and now he is what he is. We believe this to be the "only instance on record" of any animal but man, and one species of worm, using the weed from pure love of it.—*Boston Cabinet*.

WHOLESALE CRIM CON.—A rather singular case of conspiracy occurred in Yates County the other day. A man named Davis induced his wife to swear before a magistrate that a number of the most respectable citizens of the county around had been sustaining an improper intimacy with her. His object it seems was to "put money in his purse," for he immediately sent letters to a number of those implicated by his wife's oath desiring to compromise the matter by their paying him \$100 each.—This failing he visited them himself, used threats, &c., but with no better success, for having embraced so many in his conspiracy, the whole community almost became personally interested, and came down on him like "a cart-load of bricks." A coat of tar and feathers was to be applied, but he made tracks before he could receive his deserts.—*Syracuse Star*.

WHOLESALE ARREST OF BLACKS.—A disturbance occurred at an early hour yesterday morning on the Five Points, caused by an attempt on the part of several blacks to prevent some of the officers of the Sixth Ward police from arresting two or three individuals against whom they had warrants. The officers not being able in consequence of the mob to make the arrests, sent to the Station House for an additional police force, which on arriving were assailed by the mob of blacks with stones, brick bats, &c., several pistols were also fired by them. They were finally put down by the officers, and about thirty of their number were captured and brought to the Tombs. Justice McGrath committed them to prison in default of \$300 bail.—*N. Y. Cour. & Eng.*

COWS WORKED AS OXEN.—A correspondent of the Southern Cultivator says, I have worked cows in harness, not under the yoke, without detriment in any respect—on the contrary their calves were superior to the rest of the stock,—due of course to the extra feed and attention the cows received. I should like to see this practice extended—for many of the poorer class have no other animal power to help them in their farming operations.

Valley Farmer.

LEMONS AND LEMONADE.—It ought to be known and remembered, that the acid of the lemon, and lemonade as a drink, are extremely pernicious, and have in several well attested cases, produced cholera. However harmless as a beverage under ordinary circumstances, lemonade should be avoided during the cholera season.

THE NORTHERN MAIL ROBBERY.—RECOVERY OF A PART OF THE LETTERS.—This morning, at East Boston, a man who was employed in clearing out a cart which stood upon a side track, found that it contained a considerable number of torn and rifled letters, which, upon investigation, proved to be a part of those stolen from the northern mail on Saturday last. Three young men were seen about this cart on Saturday, and they probably selected it as a good place to open the letters and divide whatever money they contained. Several notes, one for \$300 and another for \$100, were left untouched. Several letters, from their contents, are known to have contained money, one \$25, &c. They have been sent back to Concord. The robbery, it appears, was accomplished as follows. The robber having gone from the cart to the platform on the pretence that the motion made him sick, took advantage of a moment when attention was withdrawn to climb along the mail car to a window, into which he got, and secured his plunder by cutting open the bag. He was fortunate enough to get back undetected. The thief was afterwards seen on the platform wiping his hands, but nothing was then thought of the matter.—*Boston Traveller*.

DAYS OF GRACE.—The Supreme Court of Alabama we learn by a letter from the seat of government, has decided that eight drafts and bills are entitled to days of grace just as any other draft or negotiable paper. If not paid on presentation they must then be formally presented for acceptance at once, and if refused are to be protested, and notice given to the parties to be charged. This decision is supported by authorities, but is contrary to long established custom in this State. It is therefore important that it should be generally known.

Mobile Herald, Aug. 1.

FRESH FISH.—During the months of March, April and May, of the present year, 3,584,000 lbs. of codfish and halibut were brought to this port, about seven eighths of which was fresh, the other eighth being partially salted. One hundred and seventy three vessels and eight hundred and twenty-five men, (allowing five to each vessel) were employed in catching and bringing the same to market. After deducting what had been salted, and a quantity sufficient for "home consumption," the balance was packed in ice and sent off in all directions, where rail cars run, to supply an increasing demand which has sprung up along the lines of all the railroads.

The capes, headlands and promontories of our New England sea coasts are the home of the hardy fishermen, whose occupation is that of toil and peril, and few can be found who do not rejoice in such an evidence of prosperity as is afforded by the above statistics.—*Boston Journal*.

RECOVERY OF STOLEN PROPERTY.—A short time ago the counting room of Messrs. Newell & Andrews, in Broad street, was robbed of a large pocket book, containing \$200 in bank bills and valuable papers.—On Saturday Constable Clapp received a letter signed by "Jimmy Twitcher," containing the following directions:—"If you will take the trouble to go to the public garden and enter the gate in the corner by the hot house, and look or feel underneath the left side of the steps, nearly under the base, you will find some things that have been missing."

Mr. Clapp's first impression upon reading the letter, was to take no notice of it, but the "sober second thought" prompted him to go to the place, and accordingly in the afternoon he visited the garden, and found in the spot described in the letter, the pocket book stolen from Messrs. Newell & Andrews, with all its contents; minus the money, and it was restored to them. The papers which it contained were notes of hand, bank checks, bills of exchange to the amount of \$16,835.—*Boston Atlas*.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—The Boston Times states that on Wednesday, officer Taylor arrested a young woman on Salem street, believing from her actions that she was intoxicated. She was taken to the North Watch house and laid upon a couch. A physician was called; and he, supposing her to be afflicted with delirium tremens, prescribed for it and left. The officers watched by her two or three hours, when she (probably feeling that she would like to get better) mentioned in a faint voice "Laudanum." Mr. Fuller immediately went for Dr. Ayres, who came and pronounced the trouble to have been caused by taking laudanum. He at once administered suitable emetics, and the patient, after vomiting freely, seemed a great deal better. She confessed that she had taken ten cents worth of laudanum at two different places, in order to avoid suspicion, and had taken all at one dose. She gave her name as Sarah Jane Rodman, aged 23, and residing at No. 1 Charter street; and said that the immediate cause of her attempt to take her own life was disappointment in regard to a young gentleman who had been paying his addresses to her for a considerable time.

HIGH POSTAGE.—Eleven dollars and sixty cents was paid on a letter to the care of Mr. G. W. Simmons of this city, received by the last mail from California, from a young man formerly Foreman in the Boys' Cutting Department at Oak Hall. It was his first remittance of sixteen ounces of gold dust collected by himself at the mines, and remitted home to his mother.—*Bost. Jour.*

At the quarantine ground in St. Louis is a harmless, insane German woman named Catharine Weber, 30 years old, without friends or relatives, who roams over the grounds, standing by the beds of the sick when they die, closing their eyes and fixing their limbs in decent posture. She then places a wreath upon the corpse and another on the coffin, which she follows as chief mourner, and after the grave is filled up remains by it chanting hymns for an hour.

SHIPMENT OF AMERICAN WOOL TO EUROPE.—The Dry Goods Reporter says:—
“The experiment of Messrs. Perkins & Brown, of Springfield, who recently shipped a large quantity of extra fine fleeces, to be offered at the London trade sale, must be to convince any one that we have the same prejudice to overcome in the introduction of American wool, that we have in corn, beef, and other kinds of produce. This wool was of a fine quality, and could readily have commanded 40 cents or upwards per lb. in our market. It was shipped and offered at the London trade sale, rated at 18 3/4 sterling, or about thirty cents, and of course is on its way back to be manufactured on our own soil, after paying two freights across the Atlantic.”

BLACK LEAD.—The lead from which pencil points are made, comes from the principal plumbago mine in the world, at Borrowdale, Cumberland, England. It is situated in a hill, and instead of its being worked constantly, like other mines, it is opened only once a year, when a sufficient quantity is taken to supply the world for a year to come, and it is again closed, with strong doors, bars and locks, until the next annual supply is required. From the time of Queen Elizabeth it is said that all the fine pencils in the world have been made of the black lead from this mine.

“BACK AGAIN.”—Several of the students of South Carolina College resolved to drag the carriage of Doctor Maxey into the woods, and fixed upon a night for the performance of the exploit. One of their number, however, was troubled with some compunctious visitings, and managed to convey to the worthy President a hint, that it would be well for him to secure the door of his carriage house. Instead of paying any heed to this suggestion, the Doctor proceeded, on the appointed night, to the carriage house, and encased his portly person inside the vehicle. In less than an hour some half dozen young gentlemen came to his retreat, and cautiously withdrew the carriage into the road. When they were fairly out of the College precincts they forgot their reserve and began to joke freely with each other by name.

One of them complained of the weight of the carriage, and another replied by swearing that it was heavy enough to have the old fellow himself in it. For nearly a mile they proceeded along the highway, and then struck into the woods, to a cover which they concluded would effectually conceal the vehicle. Making themselves infinitely merry at the Doctor's expense, and conjecturing how and when he would find his carriage, they at length reached the spot where they had resolved to leave it. Just as they were about to depart—having once more agreed that the “carriage was heavy enough to have the old Doctor and all his tribe in it”—they were startled by the sudden dropping of one of the glass door panels, and the well known voice of the Doctor himself thus addressed them:—

“So, so, young gentlemen, you are going to leave me in the woods are you?—Surely, as you have brought me hither for your own gratification, you will not refuse to take me back for mine. Come, Messrs. —, and —, and —, buckle to, and let us return; it's getting late!”

There was no appeal; for the window was raised, and the Doctor resumed his seat. Almost without a word, the discomfited young gentlemen took their places at the pole, at the back of the vehicle, and quite as expeditiously if with less voice, did they retrace their course. In silence they dragged the carriage into its wonted place, and then retreated precipitately to their rooms, to dream of the account they must render on the morrow. When they had gone, the Doctor, quietly vacated the carriage, and went to his house where he related the story to his family with much glee. He never called the heroes of that nocturnal expedition to an account, nor was his carriage ever afterwards dragged at night into the woods.—*Spirit of the Age.*

LIBERALITY.—The St. Louis Republican says:—Very recently Messrs. Johnson & Morton, steamboat cabin builders of Cincinnati, had the misfortune to have their saw mill and planing machine consumed by fire, by which they experienced such a loss as to almost disable them from rebuilding. When the fact was made known, the enterprising citizens of that place, being fully alive to the importance of sustaining such establishments, immediately went to work and raised by subscription the sum of \$8000 and loaned it to those gentlemen for the term of two years, without interest. Four of the banks of that city loaned them \$1000 each, also for two years, and charged the interest to the stockholders, making in all \$12,000.

Mr. Henry Rockwell, the celebrated circus manager, well-known to our citizens as one of the late firm of Rockwell & Stone, died at Cincinnati on the 30th ult. Mr. Rockwell was a very popular man, and did much to elevate the profession to which he belonged. His ambition was to make the equestrian profession in America what it was in England in the days of Ducrow.—Originally, an excellent performer himself, he produced very eminent pupils; among whom may be mentioned Hiram W. Franklin, the best general performer in the world Benjamin Rannels, W. O. Dale, and others. Oscar Stone, his late partner, died about two years since.

GOOD NEWS FOR LEAN PERSONS.—Professor Johnson has proved, according to analysis, that so far as the fat-forming process is concerned, bran, for a given weight is the richest, and that the whole grain ground together is one half richer than fine flour. If this analysis, be correct, lean persons should eat bran bread, and leave pure flour to the fat. The same professor says that the unbolled flour contains a larger proportion of muscle forming matter.

The most mischievous liars are those that keep on the verge of truth.

NEWPORT MERCURY,

NEWPORT.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 18, 1849.

Arrival of Mr. Clay.

Mr. Clay arrived in this town last evening in the steamer *Perry* from Providence. He was accompanied by James B. Clay, his son, with the family of the latter; Henry Clay, Jr., his grand-son, and four servants. A large throng assembled on the wharf, and greeted him with cheers as he came from the boat.

Mr. C. has taken rooms at the Atlantic House.

THE NEW YORK MAIL.—Wrote informed that a permanent arrangement has been made between the Post Office Department at Washington, and the Fall River Steamboat Company, for the transmission of the mails to and from this place.—The mails for New York will now close, daily, at 7 P. M., and open at 5 A. M.

THE STEAMER ARGO, Capt. Winslow, will make an excursion on Monday next, for the Camp Meeting at the Vineyard, leaving Providence at 6 o'clock, A. M. on the arrival of the cars from Woonsocket, touching at Bristol about 9-12 o'clock, and at Newport at 11 o'clock. Fare for single passage \$1; both ways \$1.50.

This will afford a very pleasant and convenient opportunity to those who may wish to attend the Camp Meeting or visit New Bedford.

THE GERMANIA MUSICAL SOCIETY will give a Sacred Concert, to-morrow evening, at the Ocean Hall.

WILLIAM G. HAMMOND, JR., of this town, graduated with the Salutary Oration, at the annual commencement of Amherst College, last week.

THE METHODISTS will commence their annual Camp Meeting on the 21st inst., in the Wesleyan Grove, Martha's Vineyard. The camp ground is circular, and contains several acres.

THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW, for July, has been received. Its contents are—Poems of Alfred Tennyson, Ancient Assyria, Literature of the Middle Ages, Botany, Earthquakes in New Zealand, Freehold Assurance and Colonization, Hungary, Louis Napoleon; the French Elections, Foreign Literature; Critical and Miscellaneous Notices.

GODLEY'S LADY'S BOOK for September, is already upon our table. The pictorial and typographical departments of this magazine are far superior to any other which we have seen. *Thley* is the Agent.

A GRAND BALL is to be given at the Bellevue House on Monday evening next.

WE learn that the Cholera has appeared with great violence in Taunton. Thursday there were three deaths, all within 24 hours.

THE SUSPENSION BRIDGE across the Ohio.—The footway of the Wire Suspension Bridge, extending one thousand and ten feet, from Wheeling to the Ohio side, has been completed, and was successfully crossed on the 13th by a large number of persons.

STEAMER EMPIRE STATE, on her way up Lake Michigan, was run ashore 9th inst., in a gale, having sprung a leak. All on board were saved, but the boat and freight were likely to be a total loss.

The editor of the *Charleston Courier* was presented with a peach, on the 2d inst., which weighed nearly half a pound.

The estimated loss of property by the late fire in St. Louis, which destroyed the steamers *Mary*, *San Francisco*, *Algoima*, *Phoenix* and *Dubouque*, is \$71,000 on the boats, and \$77,000 on their cargoes.

WELL DOING.—The Boston Transcript understands that the relatives of a young man named Sweetser, who went from Cambridge to California, have received a letter from him stating that he secured \$15000 worth of the “dust” in six weeks after his arrival.

A LAWYER IMPRISONED.—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia, on Wednesday morning, Robert Alsop, a member of the bar, convicted of obtaining a sum of money under false pretences, was sentenced by Judge Parsons, to pay a fine of \$600, and to be imprisoned in the Eastern Penitentiary for four months. The name of the prisoner was likewise ordered to be stricken from the roll of practising attorneys of the Courts of Quarter Sessions and Common Pleas.

The Daily Sandusian of Aug. 1st says: Welch, Delavan & Nathan's Circus Company had disbanded, after nearly every member of the company had been attacked by the cholera, and two had died. They had broke up at Springfield, Ohio, and scattered.

The Mayor of New York, has recently endeavored to close the dram shops of that city, but is said after the most vigorous efforts on the part of the city authorities, the attempt failed. Though it is not yet abandoned.

THE JERSEY CROPS.—The eye, wheat, and out crop throughout the lower part of Jersey, have by their abundance fully come up to the expectations of the husbandman in that quarter. Potatoes are growing finely, the rot having as yet given but little indication of injury. The prospect for corn, though all the season favorable, has been increased by the recent rains, which carries it beyond danger. The late showers have also been well-timed for buckwheat, the preparation of the ground for which is now in progress. This is an important fact in which all the lovers of buckwheat cakes are deeply interested. The peaches, cantaloupes, melons, and other cholera truck, are not of much account this season and growers cannot calculate much on the profits to be reaped from them.

“WHERE IS HE?”—The following will cause the Apostle to smile if he does not remember the incident. Father Mathew recently visited the Merchants' Exchange, and was about entering, when a gentleman eager to obtain a sight of the Apostle, put his hands on to an individuals back and endeavored to elevate himself above the crowd. “Where is he? where is he?” exclaimed the gentleman. “Here he is!” said the person on whose back he was, “I am Father Mathew,” and so it was. So says the Boston Eve. Gazette.

NASHVILLE, N. H., is getting to be something of a Greta Green. During the year ending in March last, one hundred and ninety-five marriages were solemnized in that place, between parties from beyond the limits of New Hampshire. Most of them were from Massachusetts, and one hundred and twenty-five were from the city of Lowell!

BANK ROBBERY.—The Halifax, N. S. Bank was entered on Friday night last, and robbed of 12 bags, each containing £100 of British silver money. Four of the bags were subsequently recovered, having been placed in situations where they were likely to be found, two of them being discovered behind a column at the entrance of a store kept by a negro woman. £100 reward is offered for the robbers and the money.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—An old man named Williams, returning to his home, in Cranston, Saturday evening, about 9 o'clock, had his horse stopped by two Irish boys, who demanded his money. The old man gave them a dollar and a half, and drove on, giving the alarm. One of the boys has since been arrested.

NEW BEDFORD.—The assessed value of property in this city, as appears from the Assessors' lists which have just been completed, amounts to \$17,237,400, and the number of rateable polls to 3791.

An editor of a Western newspaper announces that he has a fine boy, and expresses a hope that he may live to inherit the fortune his father expects to make by publishing a newspaper!

A few evenings since, during a heavy fall of rain, the members of a family residing in the south-western part of the city of Philadelphia, were startled by the piteous cries of an infant, evidently proceeding from the sidewalk in front of the house.—On going to the door, a baby was found on the brick pavement in a basket, which had been placed under the water spout, the copious discharges from which had already nearly drowned the child. The little foundling was discovered just in time to rescue it alive.

The Chief Justice of Quebec has ordered that no criminal cases shall be tried during the prevalence of the present malady, except when the prisoners are in actual custody. The court was obliged to adjourn on Thursday last, as it was found impossible to collect a jury.

BRIGHTON MARKET, Thursday, Aug. 16th.
At market, 650 Beef Cattle, 360 sows, 40 Cows and Calves, 3200 Sheep and 775 Swine.

PRICES.—We quote to correspond with last week—Extra \$6; First quality \$5 25 a 5 75; second \$5 a 5 25; third \$4 a 4 75.
Working Oxen—Sales at \$60, \$72, \$80, and \$88.
Cows and Calves—Sales at \$20, \$25, \$27 and \$33.
Sheep—Sales of small lots at 1 75, \$2, 2 12, 2 33, 2 75 and \$3.
Swine.—Two entire lots 4 1/2 and 4 1/4; small lots, to peddle 4 and 5c.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

JOB PRINTING.
In its various branches,
Executed with new and fashionable type, and on the most reasonable terms, at the **MERCURY OFFICE**, No. 123 Thames street.

A GOOD MEDICINE.
The Virtues of the Sarsaparilla Root are universally acknowledged, and for an exterminator of numerous complaints and purifier of the blood we know of no more valuable medicine than Dr. Roberts' Compound Sarsaparilla Pills. They are acknowledged by our ablest Physicians to be not only unexceptionable but efficacious in the highest degree, and their basis being the concentrated extract of the Sarsaparilla prepared in a superior manner, these Pills operate both as an alterative and mild cathartic, strengthening the digestive organs, and giving a tone and energy to the body possessed by no other medicine ever known.—*Railway Register*, N. Y.
The above medicine is for sale in Newport R. I., by R. J. Taylor and C. G. C. Hazard.
Price 31 1/2 cents per box containing 50 Pills.
July 14.—6mi.

NOTICES.

In this town, on Sunday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Brooks, Mr. ARTHUR R. MUMFORD, of Miss Mary Jane, eldest daughter of Mr. John C. Allan, all of this place.

In Tiverton, R. I., 7th inst. by the Rev. Mr. McKennie, Mr. CHRISTOPHER H. MANCHESTER, of Miss ELIZABETH ANN TABER, both of Little Compton.

DEATHS.

In this town, on Saturday last, WILLIAM G. CRANDALL, aged 39 years, son of the late Capt. Joseph Crandall.

In this town, on Wednesday last, Mrs. REBECCA CLARKE, widow of William Clarke, aged about 82 years.

In this town on Tuesday last, JOHN HENRY, infant son of William Stevens, 3d.

In North Kingstown, on Monday last, MARGARET, wife of Samuel W. Peckham, Esq., of Providence, in the 35th year of her age.

In North Kingstown, on the 11th inst., after a lingering illness, Capt. JOHN ELDRED, in the 50th year of his age.

In Westerly 2d inst., Mrs. ELIZABETH T. SARGENT, wife of Thomas W. Sargent, and daughter of Wm. H. Brownell, Esq., of South Kingstown, in the 37th year of her age.

In Wickford, on the 1st inst., ALICE TILLYNG, eldest daughter of Pardon T. Hammond, Esq., in the 23d year of her age.

In Warwick, Monday morning, Hon. DUTCH AINSWORTH, in the 87th year of her age.

In Providence on Monday evening 13th inst., HENRY D. TERRY, of Savannah, Ga., in the 31st year of his age; on Wednesday evening, Mr. SERA FRENCH, in the 25th year of his age.

In Gardner, Mass., Aug. 5th, Mrs. HAZEL M. MOSES, wife of the late Mr. John Moses, and daughter of Mr. Barnard Hill.

At Sandusky, Ohio, (of cholera) Capt. RICHARD WEDDEN, formerly of this town, aged 32 years.

MERCURY MARINE LIST.
PORT OF NEWPORT.

ARRIVED.

SATURDAY, July 11.
Brig ‘Partheon,’ Davis, fm Pictou for Dighton; Tweed, McDugal, fm Fall River for Matland, N.S. Sloop Ann B. Holmes, Davis, fm Fall River for Albany.

SUNDAY, July 12.
Bark John Brower, Knight, fm Pictou for Fall River.

MONDAY, Aug. 13.
Brig Winthrop, Leland, fm Pictou for Fall River.

Sch’s S. B. Eldon, Ash, fm New York; Hornet, Paddock, fm Fall River for Philadelphia; Flash, ‘Dowdy,’ fm Richmond, Va., for Dighton.

TUESDAY, Aug. 14.
Sch’s Tipton, Torrey, fm Philadelphia for Boston; Tiramore, Mason, fm do; Sabine, Bradford fm Savannah for Somerset.

Sloop Victory, Stedman, fm New Haven for New York; Agent, Hays, fm Block Island.

WEDNESDAY, Aug. 15.
Bark Acadia, Crosby, fm Charleston for Providence.

Sch’s Florida, French, fm Philadelphia for do. **THURSDAY**, July 16.
Sloop James Franklin, Benjamin, fm Long Island; Mary Brockway, Constock, fm Lyme.

MARINE MEMORANDA.

Ship Mechanic, Potter, was at Sydney, NSW, April 5th, three years out, with 1700 bbls wh 220 oil.

Bark Carib, Webb, arr at San Francisco June 22d, 175 days, from Boston.

Brig Wolcott, Northam, (fm New York) for San Francisco, sailed from Valparaiso June 2d.

Brig Algonquin, Smith, for New York, was at Sagadahoc 27th.

Ship William Lee, Lee, was reported Feb. 3, near Seyvelles, with 200 bbls sp oil.

Bark Jupiter, Bigley, was at Charleston the 11th, Idg for Providence.

[Official.]
BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.
A PROCLAMATION.

There is reason to believe that an armed expedition is about to be fitted out in the United States, with an intention to invade the Island of Cuba, or some of the provinces of Mexico. The best information which the Executive has been able to obtain, points to the Island of Cuba as the object of this expedition. It is the duty of this Government to observe the faith of treaties and to prevent any aggression by our citizens upon the territories of friendly nations: I have therefore, thought it necessary and proper to issue this Proclamation, to warn all citizens of the United States who shall commit themselves with an enterprise so grossly in violation of our laws and our treaty obligations, that they will thereby subject themselves to the heavy penalties denounced against them by our acts of Congress, and will forfeit their claim to the protection of their country. No such person must expect the interference of this Government in any form on their behalf, no matter to what extent they may be reduced in consequence of their conduct. An enterprise to invade the territories of a friendly nation, set on foot and prosecuted within the limits of the United States, is in the highest degree criminal, as tending to endanger the peace and compromise of the honor of this nation; and therefore I exhort all good citizens, as they regard our national reputation, as they respect their own laws and the laws of nations, as they value the blessings of peace and the welfare of their country, to discountenance and prevent by all lawful means any such enterprise; and I call upon every officer of this Government, civil or military, to use all efforts in his power to arrest for trial and punishment every such offender against the laws providing for performance of our several obligations to friendly powers.

Given under my hand, the eleventh day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, and the seventy-fourth of the Independence of the United States.

Z. TAYLOR.
By the President;
J. M. CLAYTON, Secretary of State.

FOR SALE.
A modern built, two story new House, situated in John street, containing ten rooms and attic; lot 57 by 85 feet. If this estate is not disposed of at private sale before, it will be sold at Auction, Sept. 1st. For particulars enquire of S. A. PARKER, Real Estate and Stock Broker.

FOR SALE.
THE well known, and substantial schooner *WARSW*. She is coppered and copper fastened, and can be made ready for sea at a small expense. For terms see, apply to NEWTON BROTHERS.

Newport, Aug. 18, 1849—t

NEW Styles Dark MERIMACK PRINTS, just received by J. H. HAMMETT.

BLEACHED and Unbleached SHEETINGS and SHIRTINGS, Crash Diapers, &c., just received by JAMES H. HAMMETT.

PICOU COAL, for Blacksmith's use, for sale on Deven's Wharf, by C. DEVENS, Jr. Newport, Aug. 18—t.

BROWN'S ESSENCE OF JAMAICA GINGER, a safe, mild and efficient remedy in the pectoratory symptoms of Cholera, at R. J. TAYLOR'S.

Court of Probate Little Compton Aug. 13, 1849.
An instrument in writing dated 5th day of February 1848, purporting to be the last will and testament of

GODFREY PEARCE, late of Little Compton, dec., was presented by James Pearce, sole Executor named therein for Probate, and for letters testamentary to issue thereon.

It is ordered that the same be received, and the consideration thereof, referred to a Court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall in said Little Compton on Monday the 10th day of September next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., and notice is ordered to be given thereof for 3 successive weeks in the *Newport Mercury* that all persons interested may appear at said time and place and be heard.

OTIS WILBOR, Probate Clerk.

Executor's Notice.
EDWIN WILBUR, having been appointed Executor of the last Will and Testament of NANCY WILBUR,

late of Newport, single woman dec., and given bond as the law directs, all persons having demands against said estate are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to make immediate payment to him.

Newport, Aug. 13, 1849.

Guardian's Notice.
THE Court of Probate having been by the Honorable

Guardian of the persons and estates of *Harriet A. White, Mary C. White, Elizabeth W. White, Thos. E. White, Benjamin B. White, Martha L. White, Parkin E. White, Susan F. White, and Charles G. White*, minors, children of David D. White, late of said Little Compton, dec., and having qualified himself according to law, hereby gives notice to the Creditors of her said wards, to exhibit their claims to her, within six months from the date hereof, and all persons indebted to said minors, to pay the same to her immediately.

PATIENCE WHITE, Guardian.
Little Compton, August 13, 1849.

Administrator's Notice.
THE subscriber hereby gives public notice, that he has been appointed Administrator on the estate of

DAVID D. WHITE, late of Little Compton, deceased, and has accepted of said trust, and qualified himself according to law. He therefore requests all the Debtors to said estate, to make immediate payment, and all persons having demands against said estate, to present the same for settlement to

CHRISTOPHER T. WHITE, Adm'r.
Little Compton, Aug. 13, 1849.

The purest and best Ice Creams.

MADE and sold at 50 cents per quart, and sent out in forms or otherwise, at the Confectionery, corner of Thames and Frank sts. by STACY.

Ice Cream Saloon for Ladies & Gentlemen, over the Store—open from 9 in the morning, until 11 o'clock in the evening. Pleasure parties accommodated on reasonable terms. STACY.

July 21, 1849.

FOR SALE.

ONE of Anthony & Emerson's Patent Double Acting Rotary CHURNS, large size. Apply at THIS OFFICE.

HAVE YOUR PIANO TUNED.

MR. GIUSEPPE FLENA, tuner of the Piano manufactory of Mantol, in Paris, is now in town, and is to remain for a short time at the High Street House, No. 10 High street. People who wish to have their Pianos tuned in the best manner and at a moderate price are invited to call.

August 4.

FOR SALE.
ONE-THIRD PART of the Sloop ANNAFON, burthen 85 tons, sails fast, and is well adapted to the Lighterage business at Mobile, being staunch and strong, can also be sent to sea with little expense.

The vessel may be seen at the Long Wharf. For further particulars apply to MARGARET D. BURDICK, Administrator on the estate of Daniel Burdick.

Aug. 4, 1849.—t.

WHITE Twilled Angola Flannel for Summer wear, warranted not to shrink in washing. April 21.] At JAS. H. HAMMETT'S.

FRESH FRUIT, every morning on the arrival of the steamer from New York. Boarding House Keepers and Families will find it to their advantage to trade at the Park Saloon, as it is the principal Depot for delicious fruits.

Aug. 4.] H. H. YOUNG.

TO LET,
and possession given immediately.

THE DWELLING HOUSE on the south side of Washington square, (rear of the Park House), lately occupied by Mrs. H. Irish. For further particulars apply at the house next west.

[Aug. 11.]

Executor's Notice.
THE subscriber having been appointed Executor of the last Will and Testament of

JONATHAN BAILEY, late of Newport, dec., requests all persons having claims against said estate, to present them, and all indebted to make immediate payment to

PETER P. REMINGTON, Executor.
August 1, 1849.

MANCHESTER'S DAGUERRIAN GALLERY, at the foot of the Park, opposite the fountain, Newport, will be open but a short time this season, owing to other engagements. Having just received one of the largest and most powerful instruments now in use and much larger than any in town, he respectfully invites the citizens of Newport, and those visiting here to give him a call; especially those who have weak eyes or restless little ones, as the time of sitting is now reduced to the smallest fraction of a minute.—Groups of fifteen persons or less can be taken almost instantly on large or small plate equally well. Persons sitting at this establishment, are guaranteed a picture executed in the highest perfection of the art on the very best of material.

August 11.

BRANCH
Newspaper and Periodical Depot,

ON THE HILL,
Between the Atlantic House & Vose's Confectionery.

B. J. TILLEY, of 122 Thames Street has established a branch of his business on the Hill at Edwards Pistol Gallery, South Touro-st., where may always be found the New York Evening Express, Herald and Tribune, Boston Daily Mail and Bee, New York, Philadelphia and Boston Weeklies; New Music; New Works as soon as published, and in fact every thing usually found in a Newspaper Depot.

Orders received at both depots for music, books, &c. &c., not on hand and procured at the shortest notice.
Just received a great variety of new books, sheet music, &c.
Newspaper and Periodical Depot, 122 Thames Street, and at South Touro Street
Aug. 11.

Will be sold at Auction on the premises, on THURSDAY, Aug. 23d, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

ALL the right, title and interest of Sanford Bell, at the time of his assignment to and in, to the lot of land situated on Broad street, and Spring streets, with the three story building thereon, formerly occupied as a soap and candle manufactory. Also, the lot adjoining south with the two story building thereon, occupied as grocery store and carpenter's shop. Also, the barn and chaise house on the last named estate. Conditions at time of sale. PELEG CLARK, Jr., Auctioneer.

July 28, 1849.

A Rare opportunity. A beautiful Country Seat for sale on Rhode Island.

THE undersigned offers for sale her present well known residence in Middletown, situated on the Main road, one mile from the State House in Newport. It contains about 30 acres of excellent land, under the best cultivation. The Mansion House, in perfect order, and most conveniently constructed, contains 3 stories, and is finished in modern style and in a very superior manner; there is also on the premises a suitable barn, crib, carriage house and other buildings appropriate to the establishment, and suited to a gentleman's residence. The walls of the farm are in good order, and the orchard is supplied with a variety of valuable fruit trees. Many ornamental trees also surround the House. There is a beautiful garden on the estate, which is well arranged, furnishing every kind of flowers, shrub &c., &c.

The House is located at a pleasant distance from the road, and commands one of the finest views of the Ocean, Bay, surrounding Islands and adjacent scenery, that can be found on Rhode Island. Being situated in a quiet and refined neighborhood, it offers a rare opportunity for those who are now visiting Newport, to purchase a very valuable residence. For further particulars, apply to the undersigned on the premises,

CLOTHING.

New Fashionable Styles for Spring.

OREGON CLOTHING STORE

Next North of the Custom House.

WE HAVE just completed manufacturing one of the most tastefully arranged stocks of Ready made Clothing ever offered to the public. Our stock is large and our goods all fresh and new, having been selected from the best Foreign and Home fabrics, at the LOWEST PRICES, which enables us to offer clothing at almost HALF THE USUAL COST. If those who are in want of Clothing will look through our stock, they will find

SPLENDID BARGAINS.

In addition to the above large stock of Clothing, we have purchased in Boston this week a very large assortment of Furnishing Goods, of every description, usually kept in a Clothing Store. These goods shall be sold low for cash. Coats of a hundred kinds we have. Such ones we know would suit you well. The most fastidious have bought. And praised them high and so they ought. We have on hand upward of 1000 pair of pants, Of Doe Skins, Broadcloth and cassimere. More kinds than we can tell you here. There's not a form however poor. To which they can't impart a cure.

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING.

Such as Round Jackets, Sack Jackets, Sacks, Tunics, small frocks, fancy caps, children's belts. TRUNKS, VALISES & CARPET BAGS. An unusual large assortment bought in New York and Boston, which shall be sold at lower prices than ever offered.

HATS AND CAPS.

We have just received our spring styles of Hats and Caps of the latest patterns and made to our order and adapted in shape and prices to the wishes of the purchaser and his pocket. "Uneasy lies the head that wears the crown." The most anxious and disturbed brain will be restored to perfect calmness by wearing one of our New York Hats. [Mch. 17.]

THE BALL IN MOTION!

Grand distribution of Bargains.

CLOTHING

OF EVERY KIND, VERY CHEAP!

—AT THE—

OLD STAND

U. S. CLOTHING STORE,

No. 166 Thames street.

WHERE can be found a new and extensive assortment of MEN'S and BOY'S CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES,—all of which are manufactured from the best material and in the latest style. Also, a large assortment of TRUNKS, which will be sold very cheap for cash. Don't forget the No. 166, (formerly 91,) a few doors south of Mill street, sign of the LARGE WINDOW.

Newport, April 21, 1849.—tf.

UNITED STATES WHOLESALE CLOTHING Warehouse.

LEWIS & HANFORD, Nos. 252, 254, 256 & 258 Pearl street. (Between Fulton st., & Burling Slip.) NEW YORK.

HAVE ON HAND THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING

IN THE UNITED STATES,

ADAPTED TO ALL MARKETS!!

—in the article of—

Shirts and Drawers,

We keep an endless variety.

—ALSO, THE MOST EXTENSIVE MANUFACTURERS OF—

OIL CLOTHING

—AND—

COVERED HATS

In the world.

Plain and Fashionable Clothing,

OF ALL KINDS.

Catalogues of stock sent by mail. Orders promptly filled. LEWIS & HANFORD,

Nos. 252, 254, 256, and 258 Pearl st., N. Y.

UMBRELLAS

AND

PARASOLS.

AMERICAN MANUFACTORY

257 Pearl street,

(Sign of the Three Golden Umbrellas.)

Merchants in want of an assortment of Umbrellas and Parasols, are advised to pay

NO SECOND PROFITS,

but to call at once on the Manufacturers, who are making 1500 Daily.

by the introduction of Steam and New Patent Machinery, and are enabled to produce the best and most elegant styles of goods, and to sell them at a rate, with which they may

DEFY COMPETITION.

ISAAC SMITH & CO.

MANUFACTURERS.

NEW YORK.

P. S.—We have a branch of our House established in Boston, Mass., at No. 4 Sewall Block, Milk street, where we shall be happy to see our Eastern friends. I. S. & Co.

June 30.

TABLE OIL CLOTHS, a very superior article

of Table Oil Cloths, for sale by

June 16.] WM. C. COZZENS & CO.

GLASS! GLASS!!

5 HUNDRED Boxes of French and American window and picture GLASS, double and single thickness sizes from 6 by 8 to 18 by 24 inches. It being the greatest selection and quantity ever introduced in this town, is now offered for sale at 20 per cent less than any other store in town, by the box or single pane. L.S.O., all kinds of PAINTS, OIL, POT ASHES, &c., usually kept in a Paint store, at No. 29 Spring street. E. J. READ.

Newport, March 31, 1849.—ly.

TO LET,

THE COTTAGE in Kay st., now occupied by the Rev. Henry Jackson. For terms &c., apply to SAMUEL ENGS.

Coal Yard

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has taken the Coal Yard and what recently occupied by Charles Devens, Jr., and shall be happy to supply the old customers of Mr. Devens, as well as the public generally, with the best kind of Coal.

WM. G. PECKHAM.

Newport, May 12, 1849.—tf.

THE subscribers have concentrated their business, and formed a Co-partnership this day under the name and firm of

NEWTON BROTHERS,

and will continue their former business on a more extensive plan at No. 183 & 185 Thames street, corner of Pelham, and respectfully solicit a continuance of patronage.

EDWARD F. NEWTON, JAMES R. NEWTON, WILLIAM NEWTON.

June 28, 1849.

In consequence of the above arrangement, it is all important that all debts due us previous to the 1st of January should be settled immediately.

E. F. & J. R. NEWTON, WILLIAM NEWTON.

The undersigned having associated himself with his brothers, as above, takes this method of tendering his thanks to his customers for the very liberal patronage that has ever been extended to him, and will be much gratified for a continuance of the same at the lower store, where every inducement will be made to gratify their wishes.

WILLIAM NEWTON.

Newport, June 28, 1849.

Court of Probate, Middletown, July 16, 1849. THE petition of Hannah Smith, Guardian of the persons and estates of George W. Smith, and Irene Smith, minors, children of George Smith, late of Middletown, deceased, stating that said minors are possessed in their own right of one undivided tenth each of a certain tract of land situated in said Middletown, containing about thirty acres, with a dwelling house, barn and other buildings thereon standing; bounded Northerly on land of Peleg Peckham, Esq.; Easterly partly on land of James Barker, partly on land of Hiram Barker and partly on land of said Peleg Peckham; Southerly partly on land of said Hiram Barker and partly on land of said Hiram Barker; and Westerly partly on land of William Smith, it being the farm formerly owned by the said George Smith, dec., that it would be to the interest of said minors to sell all their right and title in and to fifteen acres of said tract of land, bounded Northerly on land of William Cornell, partly; and partly on land of said Peleg Peckham, Esq. Easterly partly on land of James Barker, and partly on land of said Peleg Peckham; Southerly on the hereinafter described 11 acres and three quarters of an acre of said tract of 30 acres and Westerly partly on land late of the heirs of David Barker, now of said William Smith and partly on land of said minors right and title in and to 3 acres of said tract, of 30 acres, bounded Northerly on said tract of 11 acres and three quarters of an acre; Easterly on land of Hiram Barker; Southerly, partly on land of said Isaac Smith, and partly on land of said Hiram Barker; and Westerly on the road; and to invest the proceeds of sale thereof in purchasing of William Smith and Isaac Smith, all their right, title and interest in and to one undivided half of said 11 acres and three quarters of an acre of land, being a part of the above described tract of 30 acres, with the one half of the above described tract of 30 acres, with the one half of the dwelling house and other buildings thereon standing bounded Northerly on the above described 15 acres of land; Easterly on land of Hiram Barker; Southerly on the above described 3 acres of land; Westerly on the road; praying this Court to authorize and empower her in her said capacity of Guardian to sell said minors right, title and interest in and to the said two tracts of land, and to invest the proceeds of sale thereof as aforesaid; and was presented and read.

Ordered that the same be received, & referred for consideration to a Court of Probate to be held at the Town House in Middletown on the 3d Monday in August next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., and previous notice be given thereof by advertisement for 3 successive weeks in the Newport Mercury, that all persons interested may appear at said time and place, and be heard.

A true Copy—witness,

JOSHUA COGGESHALL, Probate Clerk.

June 9.]

TO LET,

A HOUSE in Pelham street,

having a large kitchen, and two large cellars in the basement, and ten or eleven rooms on two floors including a spacious hall, with a yard, rainwater cistern, &c. For further particulars and terms, apply to

DAVID MELVILLE, Frank Street.

Newport, March 3, 1849.—tf.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

THE subscribers having been appointed by the Court of Probate of the town of Newport, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims against the estate of

DANIEL BURDICK,

late of Newport, Mariner, dec., represented insolvent, hereby give public notice that 6 months from this date, are allowed the creditors of said estate to present and prove their respective claims and we will meet at the office of D. G. Cook, on the last Thursdays of September, October and November next at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of examining and deciding on said claims.

CHARLES DEVENS, } Commissioners.

CHARLES E. HAMMETT, }

DAVID G. COOK, }

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

MARGARET D. BURDICK, Administratrix.

Newport, June 4, 1849.

Clerk's Office, Court of Probate, Middletown, July 20, 1849.

THE EXECUTOR'S 9th account on the estate

of GEORGE IRISH,

late of Middletown, Esq., dec., was this day lodged in this office, with a request that the same be examined and allowed at a Court of Probate to be held at the Town House in Middletown, on the third Monday of August next, at 1 o'clock, P. M. Notice is therefore hereby given to all persons interested in said estate to appear at said Court, if they see fit and be heard in relation to the allowance of said account.

JOSHUA COGGESHALL, Probate Clerk.

For Sale or To Let.

The pleasant House in Broad street, belonging to the estate of the late Richard K. Randolph, Esq. It contains 12 finished rooms, has a good well of water, cisterns, wood house, garden &c. The rent is \$150. Apply to

MISS YEOMANS, in Broad street.

June 23, 1849.

PUBLIC SCHOOL NOTICE.—Parents or Guardians

wishing to place their children or wards in any of the Public Schools, are informed that the School Committee have assigned SATURDAY of each week from 9 o'clock, A. M. till noon, as the time for giving permits, during which time, applications must be made to the Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Dumont, at his office in Frank street. By order of the Committee.

CHARLES T. BROOKS, Secretary.

Newport, July 14, 1849.—U.

Valuable Real Estate For Sale.

THE ESTATE on Thames street, long known as the residence of William Lee, dec.; consisting of a lot of land 90 feet front and rear, and extending to the harbor, with a two story dwelling house, stable and other out buildings thereon, and is well supplied with well and rain water; together with a Spar Yard, having a Spar Shop 70 feet long, with ample dock and wharf room, and all the necessary fixtures for prosecuting the spar-making business,—for which purpose it has been occupied for upwards of 100 years in the same family.

If this estate is not sold by the 1st of May next it will then be let together, or separately as desired. The dwelling house is well arranged for two families.

FOR SALE

Or To Let for the Season Furnished.

A NEW two-story Stone House, situated on Spring street, about 1/4 of a mile south of the compact part of the town. This House is very commodious and well finished, has a patent Cooking Range; bathing room, force pumps for rain and well water, &c.; and commands a fine view of the town and harbor, and of the adjacent farms, with nothing to interrupt the prospect on either side. For further information apply to,

R. P. LEE,

At the R. I. Union Bank.

Newport, March 31.—tf.

NEW FANCY GOODS

—AT THE—

PARK SALOON.

JUST RECEIVED for Summer trade. Also, a splendid assortment of TOYS, rich and new, cheaper than ever, comprising in part, the following articles:—

A large variety of fancy baskets, Ladies' Work Boxes,—some very rich; card case portmanteaus, scissors, pocket knives, canes, chess, gammon board, checkers, dice and dominoes. Also, a beautiful lot of Accordions,—very cheap; bird cages and glasses, bird seed of all kinds. Also, the largest assortment of Dolls and Heads to be found in this State,—of every variety; hair, clothes, shaving, and shoe brushes, razors and strops. Perfumery and hair oils of all kinds; pictures and frames; soaps,—and in fact every article that can be called for in this line. A new lot of choice FLOWER SEEDS, just received by

H. H. YOUNG,

Park Saloon.

A Rare Chance to buy out a Variety Store.

WANTED a purchaser for the stock in Trade in store No. 144, corner of Thames and Frank streets, consisting of as great a variety as can be found in any establishment of the kind, consisting of Confectionary, Fruit, Preserves, Jellies, Brandy Fruits, &c. &c., together with one of the best selected stocks of French, German, English and American Fancy Goods, Toys, &c. &c.

The above named Stock, together with the fixtures, such as glass counter, cases, glass jars, stands, soda works, marble counter, and a variety of store fixtures, &c., for carrying on the business; also, all the Copper Kettles and Tools for manufacturing Confectionary; also, Ice Cream Tubs, Moulds, Pyramids, &c., &c., for manufacturing Ice Creams, &c., and about 125 tons of Ice, and a host of other articles too numerous to mention. For a more minute description, call and see.

To a cash customer, the above Stock, fixtures &c., will be sold at a bargain, as the subscriber intends changing his business, should he find a purchaser. For further information, apply on the premises.

The House and Store would be let to any one purchasing the above stock and fixtures.

June 9.] STACY.

TO LET

THE valuable estate No. 148 Thames street. The store has been recently repaired and modernized, and as a business location is not surpassed by any in Newport. The tenement is roomy and convenient—there is a good cellar and well of water, and a large garden, containing some valuable fruit trees. For terms apply to

WILLIAM HUNTER

TO LET,

And possession given on the 1st of April

THAT well known estate in Broad street, near the State House, now occupied as a Boarding House, by George W. Stanhope, and formerly for many years by Joseph Fish. It contains about 20 Rooms, with a Cook House, and every necessary convenience. The House is in good repair, and its location will be found very convenient for travellers or persons having business with the Courts or the General Assembly. It will be leased for one or more years. For further particulars and terms apply to

JOSEPH ANTHONY.

Newport, March 10, 1849.

Important Medical Notice of the Indian practice 1776.

BROWN'S so much celebrated Indian Medicines, which are composed of various kinds of roots, herbs, plants, &c., of which many are indigenous to foreign countries, and some in this, and which have performed some of the most wonderful cures in the world—being introduced into England and America, by Henry Arambray, the celebrated Indian Chief, (deceased) of the far western regions. Dr. Brown, has travelled night and day, and spared no pains or money, to procure the best information by receipts &c., to alleviate the miseries of his fellow subjects, to which all more or less are higher. These medicines are more celebrated on account of their sovereign properties in acting on the bile—as it both promotes the digestion of our aliments, assists the circulation of the blood, and are calculated to help forward the glandular secretion in every part of the body. As a word to the wise will most always suffice, I think that every one must be sensible, what great things have been done and promised from quicksilver, tar-water, and many other such pills, powders and elixirs, for the gravel, gout, dropsy, and various other diseases. But positively declare unto the world of mankind, that if the advice I offer for their benefit be but carefully observed, and punctually put in practice, that many will not only receive great relief, but an entire exemption from the most obstinate and stubborn diseases.

MEDICAL LIST.

Indian Balsam of Life; Indian Syrup for worms; do. cordials or rector; do. pills; do. compound do. do. Bitters; do. Salves; Infant Cordials; Emetic powders; Female do.; Family and Compound do.; Physical do., &c. For the growth and beautifying of the hair, use Dr. Brown's Euclean Herb Extract, for sale by Mrs. Perry Brown, near Cottage street, on the Hill. All orders promptly attended to, and medicine sent to any part of the country. Dr. B. may be consulted every 4th Thursday as named above. Medical advice, 50 cents.

DR. BROWN'S Cholera Remedy,

FOR the Cholera in all its forms, such as Cholera Asiatic, Asphyxia infantum and Morbus. In such cases no drastic remedies should be given, but merely simple remedies of an astringent nature, very mild, because the disease has its seat in the organs of digestion and constitute the general derangement throughout.

N. B. All who try the above medicines will be able to witness their intrinsic virtue.

June 20] I. F. BROWN, P. P.

SULPHUR PILLS, as administered at the New York Hospitals for cholera, at

R. J. TAYLOR'S.

BATHING DRESSES, HATS AND CAPS, for sale at

JAMES HAMMOND'S.

June 23]

FOR SALE,

ALL the LAND late belonging to Nathan Stanton, situated near the Wind Mills, containing about 23 acres. Those wishing to purchase will call at No. 10 Market square.

GILBERT STANTON, } Assignees

JOB P. STANTON, } Newport, April 7, 1849.—tf.

TO LET.

THE LARGE and convenient two story House, pleasantly situated at the corner of Caleb Earl street, near the head of Broad street, well arranged for one or two families; with wood-house, cellar, well of water, and every other convenience attached. For terms apply to

WM. D. STEWART,

Newport, April 28.] Broad street.

House To Let for Summer Residence.

THE subscriber will let his house, furnished, for the season. Said house is situated on Tourto street, and contains 13 rooms, besides a good basement cellar, garden, &c. Possession will be given the first of July or sooner if desired. Apply to

M. HALL or W. H. CRANSTON

Newport, March 10.—tf.

TO LET

and possession given the first of July.

THE VERY PLEASANT and convenient House, and garden (already planted), next south of the residence of the subscriber, at present occupied by Lieut. Stephen Cornell. For terms apply to

STEPHEN T. NORTHAM.

Newport, June 2, 1849.—tf.

RIDING GLOVES.—Ladies' Riding Gauntlets, Paris make, received this week, by

May 12.] F. LAWTON & BROTHERS.

The California Whig

THE UNDERSIGNED has undertaken at the request of the leading Whigs of the United States to establish at San Francisco in California a Whig Journal, when a sufficient amount of Funds have been raised for that purpose. A Los Locos Journal is already established there, under the direction of an able and experienced writer, it is a matter of the highest concern that the Whigs should have a Journal both able and willing to discriminate and support their principles. The terms will be \$10 per year. Published weekly.

JAMES M. CRANE,

Editor and Proprietor.

Newport, July 24th, 1849.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY that I have appointed BENJ. J. TILLEY, my only true and lawful agent in and for the Town of Newport. He is fully authorized and empowered to receive and receipt for Subscribers.

Persons desirous of obtaining any further information in relation to the above, will please call at TILLEY'S News Depot,—where a list of the subscribers names from Washington, New York and Boston may be seen

July 28.]

SAVINGS' BANK.

A meeting of the Corporation of the Savings Bank of Newport, July 13th, 1849, the following gentlemen were chosen Directors:—

John Stevens, Isaac Gould, Benj. Finch, J. S. Munro, S. T. Northam, Adam S. Coe, Edwin Wilbur, Benj. H. Tisdale, David Melville, R. B. Cranston, Samuel Brown, Wm. Sherman, Benj. Marsh, Thomas W. Brown, John V. Hammett, Wm. C. Cozzens, George T. Weaver, Samuel Engs, Edward A. Sherman, Richard Swan, Charles Devens, Oliver Read, Francis Lawton, Michael Freese, Samuel S. Gyles.

And at a subsequent meeting of the Directors Benjamin Finch was chosen President, in the room of John Stevens, who declined.

S. S. GYLES, Treasurer.

B. B. HOWLAND, Secretary.

FOR SALE OR CIRCULATION, AT THE CIRCULATING LIBRARY OF

JAMES HAMMOND.

5795 Magdalen & Marcia; or the Rectory Guest, Mrs. Grey.

5796 Mabel Carrington; or love & pride, by Mrs. Grey.

3415 Kavanah, a tale, by W. H. Longfellow.

3416 Lady Alice, or the new Una, a novel, 1.

5797 The Pottleton Legacy, by Albert Smith.

5798 Edmond Dantes, with elegant illustrations,—being a sequel to Monte Christo, by Alex. Dumas.

5799 The Woodman, a romance of the times of Richard III, by G. P. R. James.

5800 Kaloolah; or journeyings to the Djebel Kumri, an autobiography of Jonathan Romer, edited by W. S. Mayo.

5801 Hearts and Homes; or social distinctions, Mrs. Ellis.

5802 Jane Shore; or the Goldsmith's wife, an historical romance, by the author of the Jews Daughter, &c.

3417 Laneton Parsonage, part 3d, by Miss Sewell.

July 28.